

Gender sensitization is the process of transforming men and women's stereotype mentality, a mind-set that strongly believes men and women are unequal creatures that must operate in separate socioeconomic spaces.

It aims to educate people on the differences between sex and gender, how gender is socially produced, and gender stereotypes. It assists them in determining which gender stereotypes are true and which are false. The goal of gender sensitization is to raise awareness of the relevance of gender sensitivity in the workplace among working professionals. Individuals who are not sensitive to the requirements of one gender may be unable to comprehend the needs of the other.

Gender is a socially learned behaviour based on male and female social expectations. Women and children are the most vulnerable members of society under this situation. And it's the unreasonable pressure placed on boys and girls to conform to established masculinity and femininity stereotypes. Girls are subjected to unjustified social control, discrimination, and dominance. Emotional, kind, and scared boys are discouraged. Gender Sensitization provides a clear and exact vision of gender, assisting in the understanding that GENDER is not about 'Women', but rather 'People'.

Gender sensitization is a need that has been felt and recognised by everyone at Rayalaseema University and actively promoted . We aim at delivering Gender sensitization to the community as part of the grass-roots gender intervention.

Rayalaseema University is committed to the cause of gender equity.

paper titled Contemporary India: Women and Empowerment offered by the Department of English examine the intersections of gender with other categories like caste, race, etc., to understand how different forms of privilege/oppression and resistance/subversion interact in heterogeneous and variable formations.

Further, the core paper on Women's Writing offered to students pursuing BA (H) in English, enables them to understand the social construction of women by patriarchy, highlights the structural oppression of women, foregrounds resistance by women; discusses women's writing as an act of resistance and of grasping agency.

The academic efforts in the direction of gender parity are supplemented by co-curricular activities of the Women Development Cell that regularly hold discussions, talks, seminars, film screenings and capacity-building programmes in the college.

(a) Safety and Security

- Well-trained and vigilant three women security guards are stationed at all the three girls hostels.
- Restricted entry at the Campus main gate and gates are closed by 10 pm in the night..
- Rotational duty by all faculty members for discipline and security at hostels.

b) Counseling

Students are given counseling on a regular basis through their respective mentors

c) Common rooms

The facility of common rooms is extended to all academic blocks. One classroom in each Academic Block is set-aside as Common room so that students during the intervals take a break and are relieved from the academic stress and boredom.



Security guard at hostel



CCTV at the main entrance



Common Room for girls



Counseling hall at Life Science Building